WASTE DISPOSAL BY LANDFILL

AN OVERVIEW OF LANDFILL OPERATIONS AND BEST PRACTICES



Cleansing and Solid Waste Unit
DSW

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DSW LANDFILLS

- •3 landfills in the eThekwini Municipality operated by DSW:
 - –Bisasar Road Landfill Site situated in central Durban
 - -Mariannhill Landfill Site situated in the west
 - -Buffelsdraai Landfill Site situated in the north







Situated 10 km north of the Durban CBD

- One of the busiest sites in Africa
 - 3500 TO 5000 tons of MSW daily

Landfill footprint of 44 Ha

Wet Complements: C Durant Chis (Pty) Ltd 200



- New generation landfill opened in 1997
 - located to 'textbook standards'
- 500 700 tons of MSW daily
- Registered national conservancy arguably first world wide





BUFFELSDRAAI LANDFILL SITE

WELCOME - SIYAKWAMUKELA - WELKOM

HOURS: EVERY DAY (MONDAY - SUNDAY)

ACCOUNT CUSTOMERS......07h00 - 15h30

CASH CUSTOMERS......07h00 - 15h30

ENTRY RESTRICTED! AKUNGENI NOMA UBANI! BEPERKTE TOEGANG!

- * FOR GENERAL WASTE DISPOSAL AND FOR SITE BUSINESS PURPOSES ONLY
- * ABAZOLAHLA UDOTI KANYE NALABO ABEZE NGOMSEBENZI KHUPHELA
- * SLEGS VIR ALGEMENE AFVALWEGDOENING EN TERREINWERKE BEDOEL

Permit Holder: Durban Water & Waste 3 Prior Road, Durban

Responsible Person: J. Parkin M.Sc Eng. Telephone (Office Hours) 031 3118820 Emergency (After Hours) 083-259-3687







LANDFILL SITE OPERATION

- The operation of a landfill site can be compared to a large earthworks operation
- Waste is placed and compacted typically using purpose built landfill compactors and dozers
 - To prevent moisture ingress (increase run-off) and minimise leachate generation
 - To maximise airspace and improve stability
- Landfill equipment will typically include water tankers for dust suppression and road making equipment for upkeep of internal road networks













PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH LANDFILLS

- Liquid and gaseous emissions as a result of degradation of organic waste matter
- Leachate Potential for pollution of groundwater
- Landfill Gas (CH₄ and CO₂) Explosion and fire hazard and green house gas emissions





LANDFILL DEGRADATION PROCESSES

Landfill Gas

- Arises as the end product of waste degradation
- Consists primarily of methane and carbon dioxide, together with a number of trace components
- Changes in gas composition over time due to sequence of waste decomposition

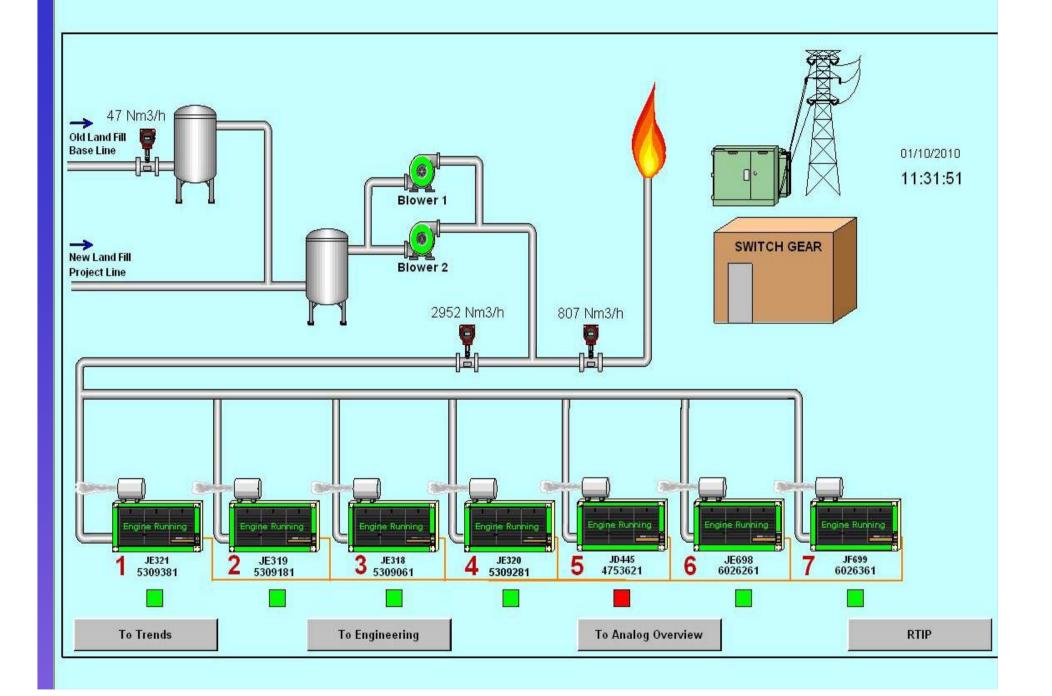














PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH LANDFILL EMISSIONS

Leachate

- Potential watercourse and groundwater pollution if released uncontrolled to the environment
- Typically consists of high levels of ammonia (toxic) and organic matter (creation of septic conditions)









ODOUR MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The OMS provides the landfill operator with a real-time visual prediction of the odour plume every ten minutes thereby enabling the implementation of mitigation strategies.



MARIANNHILL LANDFILL SITE A CASE STUDY

Closed Loop Design

- Is a recognised conservancy
- Provides and educational base to schools
- Leachate is treated in a sequencing batch reactor and used for dust suppression and irrigation
- Vegetation in areas demarcated for landfill is rescued and re-used once cells are completed
- LFG to electricity

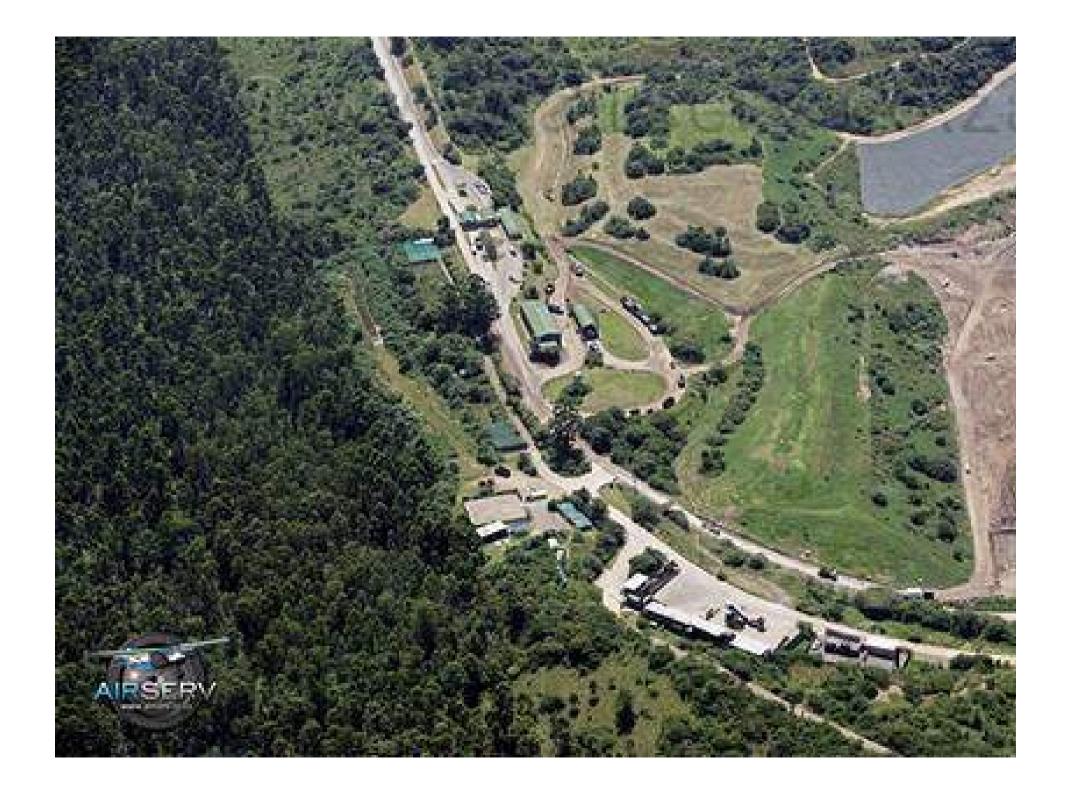






Economically and environmentally successful

- Provides indigenous vegetation to the buffer zone, rehabilitated cells and the ongoing rehabilitation of Bisasar Road Landfill
- Low cost remediation of several old, defunct 'dump' sites within the eThekwini Municipal Area



MANAGEMENT TOOLS

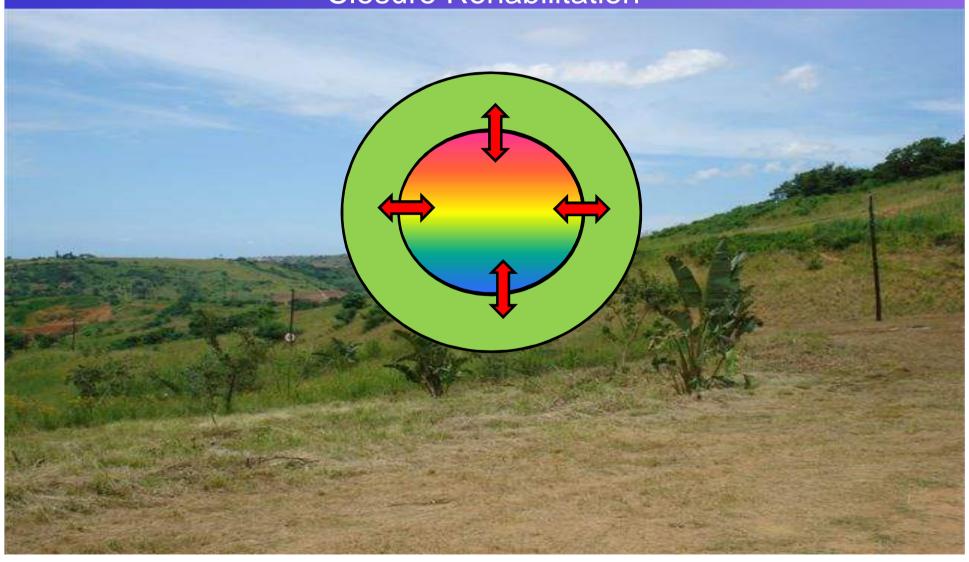
Wind Breaks for Wind Scatter





MANAGEMENT TOOLS

Closure Rehabilitation



ENVIRONMENTAL ASSET CONCEPTS







ENVIRONMENTAL ASSET CONCEPTS

Topsoil













