1. Institutional setting

- Villas: informal settlements with high social, environmental and health vulnerability, developed without urban planning
- Areas exposed to high temperatures and floods, the lack of green infrastructure (GI) (green spaces, trees) amplify the impacts
- Buenos Aires integration & reurbanization of informal settlements Plan: need to consider ecosystem services of GI in mitigation & adaptation to climate change.
- GI overlapping government responsibilities in informal settlements
- Inhabitants demand for GI









2. Starting point/Project goal

- Informal settlements: high population density and low density of trees and green spaces making impacts of climate change (heat waves and floods) much more critical
- UGI: reduce impacts of climate change and promote social interactions in spaces mainly used by women, children and older adults



Objective: Carry out a tree and green spaces census in informal settlements that allows current situation visibility and need to be consider in reurbanization plans

3. Approach

- Analysis of green spaces and linear trees from Google Street View images (2016-2017)
- Survey in territory (census) by local contact persons whit Project 30 Green Blocks, Amartya ONG and EPA: trees by block, size and location
- GI Map using QGIS free Software
- GI baseline for Villa 20 reurbanization plan and proposal of climate change adaptation measures



4. Outputs

- ≻Villa 20 baseline map of the GI
- Identification of critical points
- Diagnostic report of the GI situation, from the perspective of adaptation to climate change with environmental and social recommendations for intervention in territory



1 tree/52 inhabitants

WHO: 1tree /3 inhabitants and a minimum

5. Lessons

Involve local contact persons

Consider impacts of climate change to plan the reurbanization of informal settlements and propose adaptation measures

Coordinated and integrated work between different areas of government (Housing, Environment and Communes)

➢ Reurbanization is an opportunity to compensate for deficiencies in green space and linear trees.



6. Follow up

- What could be good strategies to apply in the corridors since they do not have enough space to plant trees?
- Could the vertical space be used to implement innovative green infrastructure options?
- How to involve the inhabitants in the care of linear trees and green spaces? (some trees that were planted in the past didn't survive)



Connective Cities Dialogue Event: Climate proofing urban development